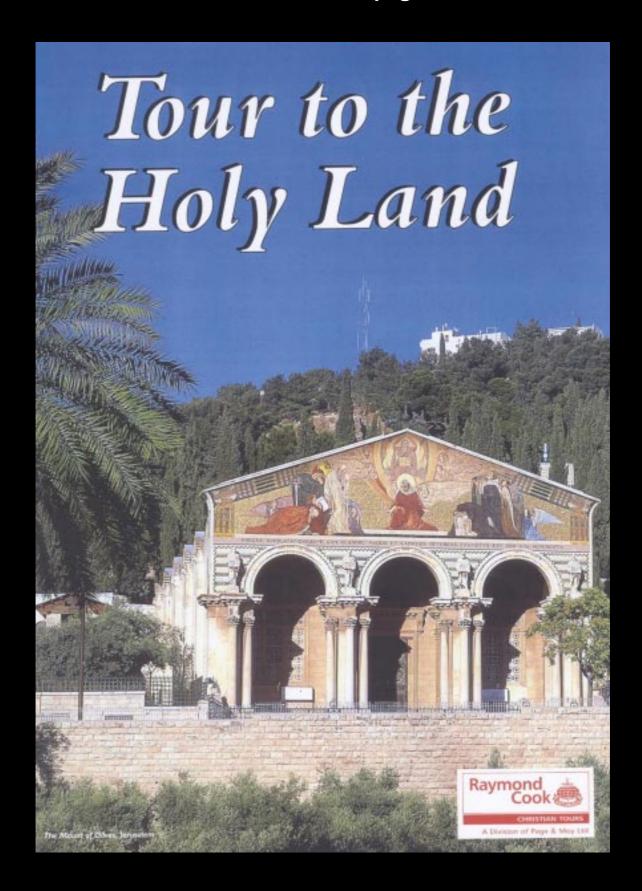
# **Promotional flyer**

# advertising Page & Moy's tour to the Holy Land 1999

Full-colour A4 4 pages

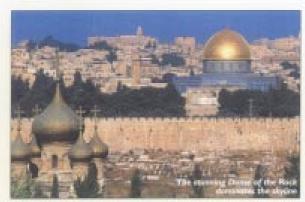


Join us on a thrilling tour to the Holy Land where the mystery of ancient civilizations unfurls and where ageold sites illuminate the Biblical narrative. Savour the sights of this captivating place and immerse yourself in its enchanting atmosphere. Anticipate a truly memorable experience, one which is sure to linger.

Our carefully planned tour is designed to enable you to enjoy a pilgrimage holiday in the company of likeminded companions where you can combine excellent sightseeing with Christian fellowship, It's a holiday which offers more than a change of scene but a renewal of body, mind and spirit.

Below you will find descriptions of the main highlights of Jerusalem and Galilee. Details of what is included on your own specific itinerary, as well as information about accommodation, flights, departure date and how to book, can be found in the accompanying literature.

# EXCURSIONS IN AND AROUND JERUSALEM



## Ancient Cardo Jewish Quarter

Running through the heart of the Jewish Quarter, the Ancient Cardo was a major thoroughfiere during the Roman and Byzantine eras. Over time this colormaded avenue became buried under thirteen feet of nibble and it was not until the 1980s that excavations revealed the ancient outer wall of the city of the Judean King Nezekiah and the Byzantine columns, which can be seen below the level of the street.

#### Bethany

The Biblical town of Bethany is significant as the home of Lazarus. Martha and Mary who welcomed Jesus into their home and is famous as the place where Jesus raised Lazarus from the dead [John 11 w 38-

#### Bethlehem

Located five miles from Jerusalem on the edge of the Judean Desert, Bethlehem is a place of pilgrimage for many Christians. A number of sites in the town allude to the nativity story - Manger Square, the Shepherds' Fields, located outside the town and the Church of the Nativity, built in AD 326 over the case where the birth of Jesus is believed to have taken place.



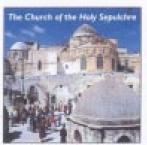
# Church of the Flagellation, the Ecce Homo

Convent and Lithostratos Christian Quarter

The Franciscan Church of the Flagellation, located along the Via Dolorosa, marks the place where Jesus was beaten by the Roman soldiers and a crown of thorns placed upon his head (John 19 w 1-16). The face Florin Corwest is on the site of Herod's Antonia Fortress where Jesus was called before Herod after his arrest (Luke 22 w 6-12) and the Lithostratos is traditionally the place where Filate sentenced lesses to death (John 19 w 1-16).

## The Church of the Holy Sepulchre

Christian Quarter
Located in the heart of the
Christian Quarter, the Church of
the Holy Sepuichre stands upon the
traditional site of the crucifixion
and the tomb where Jesus' body
was laid. Here the final four
stations of the Cross can be found,
including Calvary, the place where



Jesus was nailed to the Cross and the Holy Sepulchre located benest the church's main rotunda nest to the tomb of Joseph of Arimathea.

### The Church of St Mark Armenian Quarter

Built in the 12th century on the location of an earlier church, 5t Mark's is the place of worship for Syrian Orthodos. Christians. Tradition regards this as the site of the upper room in the home of Mary, the mother of the Apostle Mark.

#### The Dead Sea

Situated 1,300 feet below sea level, the Dead Sea is the lowest place on earth. A number of oases along the shores have been developed as ideal bathing spots where visitors have the opportunity to enjoy a mud both and to float in the salt-



laden waters - a rewarding and somewhat peculiar experience!

#### The Dome of the Rock Temple Mount

One of the most prominent landmarks on the Jerusalem skyline is the Dome of the Rock which stands upon Temple Mount on the site of Mount Moriah where Abraham prepared to sacrifice Issae. A magnificent example of Islamic architecture, the octagonal building is advened with enquisite Elework and crowned by a sturning gold cupola. Built in AD 691, it meetes the place where, according to the Krean, Mohammed ascentided to heaven.

#### Ein Kerem

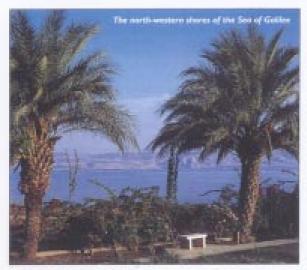
Situated in a valley to the west of Jerusalem, Ein Keern is a pretty village surrounded by mountains and office and cypress trees. Since the Byzantine period it has been traditionally regarded as the birthplace of John the Raptist and the place where Mary visited Einabeth after Gabriel amounced she was to give birth to the Saviour.

### Emmaus (Qubeibe)

The ruins of a village thought to be that of fiblical Emmaus are located on a Bornan road to the east of Jerusalem. As recorded in Lake 24, it was on the road from Jerusalem to Emmaus that two of Jesus' disciples met with the risen Christ.

## The Garden Tomb

In 1883 General Gordon noted a hill shaped like a skull, and claimed that this could possibly be Golgotha. He called for excavations to take place to see if a tomb could be found nearby and raised funds in England to found the Garden Tomb Association who still own the site.



# EXCURSIONS IN GALILEE

#### Beth Shean

Located along the Jordan River Valley, Both Shean is where King Soul was killed (1 Sam 31 vv 1-13). Extensive excavations here reveal the cardo, forum, market, bothhouse and Israel's best preserved amphitheatre which once seated 8,000 people.

#### Cana

Cana in upper Galilee is considered to be the location of Jesus' first miracle - the changing of water into wine at the wedding at Cana (John 2: 1-11).

#### Caesarea

Founded in the 3rd century BC. Caesarea became an important commercial port and military centre of Roman administration. We see evidence of its varied history in its buildings and monuments including the Roman amphitheatre, the Byzantine street and the Crunader fort. This is where Paul was imprisoned (Acts 23 v 23) and where Comelius, the first Gentile, was converted to Christianity (Acts 10 vv 24-48). There is also an impressive aqueduct nearby.

Caesarea Philippi (Banias)

Located at the foot of Mount Hermon, Caesarea Philippi was an important town under the jurisdiction of Philip, son of Herod, at the time of Jesus. Originally a Greek site dedicated to the god, Pan, this is the place where Peter admowledged Jesus as the Messiah (Matthew 16:16).

Capernaum

Located on the northern shores of the Sea of Galilee, Capernaum was the place where Jesus focussed much of his early ministry and where he usled his first disciples. Archaeological excavations have revealed the foundations of a 1st century house, believed to be the home of St Peter and a 4th century synapogue located on the site of an earlier place of Jewish worship.

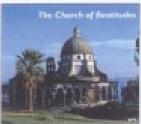


### Megiddo

The stranegically located hill fortress of Megiddo, built by Solomon and surrounded by massive walls, was instrumental in defending the city. It is the place known as Armageddon which, according to John's prophetic vision, is where the last battle will take place (Rev 20).

## The Mount of Beatitudes

Built in 1938, the Basilica at the Mount of Beatitudes is located on a hillside overlooking the Sea of Galilec and commenturates Jesus' Sermon on the Mount (Matt 5 vs 1-12).



#### Mount Carmel

Located south of Haifa, Mount

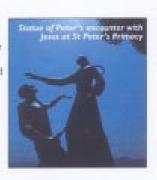
Carnel was a traditional Hebrew place of sanctuary where the poor could find protection. It is also the place where the prophet Elijah called down fire upon the altar to confound the prophets of Basi (1 Kings 18 sv 16-39).

### Nazareth

Located in the heart of the Gallean countryside, the town of Nazareth is renowned as the place where Jesus spent the early part of his life. Places of interest include the Church of the Annunciation, located upon the traditional site where the Angel Gabriel appeared to Mary; Joseph's Workshop; and an ancient Synagogue which is thought to be the place where Jesus read from Isaiah 61 and declared the purpose of his ministry (Luke 4 vs. 16-20).

## St Peter's Primacy (Mensa Christi)

This is traditionally regarded as the place where Jesus spoke to Poter after his resurrection and honoured him with the role of leading and ministering to the early church (John 21 w 15-24). A flight of ancient stone steps is located next to the Mensa Christi (the table of the Lord) where Christ served breakfast to his disciples during one of his resurrection appearances.



## Tabgha

Tabgha is renowned for its abundant spring waters and is traditionally the location of the miracle of the Feeding of the Five Thousand (Mark 6 vv 30-46). The ruins of a Byzantine basilica, built on the site of an earlier church, boasts some beautiful mesaics including one featuring the loaves and fishes.

#### Tiberias

Founded by Herod Amipas in AD 18-22 and named after the Emperor Tiberius, the spa town of Tiberias enjoys a splendid location on the shores of the Sea of Galilee, Following the destruction of Jerusalem in 70 AD, Tiberias became an important seat of religious learning. Today it is a fashionable resort with exclusive horiels, restaurants and a hot water spa whose therapeutic mineral waters have drawn many seeking nelsosion. Other attractions in the town include the lakeside promerade lined with lively fish restaurants and The Galilee Experience, an excellent multi-media presentation of the history of the Galilee region.